

# QUESTION-46

Young education activist and the youngest Nobel Prize laureate:

- a. Malala Yousafzai
- b. Greta Thunberg



# QUESTION-1

Why is Human Rights Day celebrated on 10th of December?

- a. It is the day the ECHR was founded
- b. It is the day the UN adopted the Universal Declaration of Human Rights**



# QUESTION-2

What is the name of the document that lists human rights in 30 articles?

- a. The Human Rights Declaration
- b. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights**



# QUESTION-3

Which was the first country to allow women to vote?

- a. New Zealand
- b. Sweden



# QUESTION-4

A country that has not ratified the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child is:

- a. USA
- b. India



# QUESTION-5

Where is the European Court of Human Rights situated?

- a. Strasbourg
- b. The Hague



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# QUESTION-6

When was the Charter of Fundamental Rights adopted?

- a. 1949
- b. 2000**



# QUESTION-7

What are Human Rights?

- a. rights of any adult person
- b. rights inherent to all human beings**



# QUESTION-8

What is absolutely prohibited under international law?

- a. slavery
- b. death penalty



# QUESTION-9

How many countries criminalize homosexuality?

- a. More than 20
- b. More than 60**



# QUESTION-10

What is the name of the prize that the European Parliament awards every year to an individual or group that has made a significant contribution to defending human rights?

- a. European Citizen's Prize
- b. Sakharov Prize for Freedom of Thought**



# QUESTION-11

When was the Declaration on the Elimination of Violence Against Women adopted?

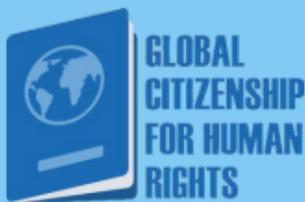
- a. 1973
- b. 1993**



# QUESTION-12

Which US former first lady was the chair of the committee that drafted the Universal Declaration for Human Rights?

- a. **Eleanor Roosevelt**
- b. Hillary Clinton



# QUESTION-13

According to the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC), which of the following is not a principle that must govern the implementation of all the rights it advocates:

- a. Respect for the views of the child
- b. Best interest of the family**



# QUESTION-14

Which philosopher claims that the right to freedom is the only ‘original right’ of the person?

- a. Kant
- b. Rousseau



# QUESTION-15

How many people worldwide are homeless?

- a. More than 100 million
- b. More than 50 million



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# QUESTION-16

Which Latin principle states that a person must not be tried more than once for the same offence after final judgment?

- a. pacta sunt servanda
- b. ne bis in idem**



# QUESTION-17

Who said “To deny people their human rights is to challenge their very humanity”?

- a. Nelson Mandela
- b. Martin Luther King



# QUESTION-18

How many countries do not permit abortions under any circumstances, including when the woman's life or health is at risk?

- a. 12
- b. 24**



# QUESTION-19

What is meant by indivisibility in the principles of human rights?

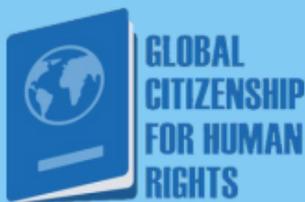
- a. **A principle that recognizes no human right is inherently inferior to any other**
- b. A principle that recognizes the difficulty and, in many cases, the impossibility of realizing any one human right in isolation.



# QUESTION-20

Do human rights depend on culture?

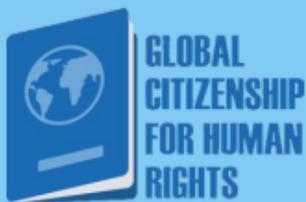
- a. **Yes, because their practical implementation does demand sensitivity to culture**
- b. No, because international human rights are universally recognized regardless of cultural differences



# QUESTION-21

When was the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (MWC) adopted?

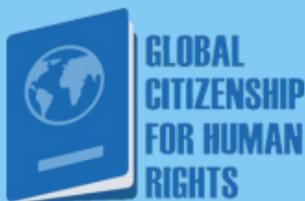
- a. 1965
- b. 1990**



# QUESTION-22

How many human rights treaty bodies are there?

- a. 7
- b. 10**



# QUESTION-23

What are United Nations Special Rapporteurs on human rights?

- a. Committees of independent experts that monitor implementation of the core international human rights treaties
- b. Experts that examine, monitor, and publicly report on human rights situations and compliance of states with the various international human rights instruments**



# QUESTION-24

Which Articles of the Charter states that the United Nations should not intervene in matters which are essentially within the domestic jurisdiction of any state?

- a. Article 2(7)
- b. Article 4(2)



# QUESTION-25

Why does the Declaration only provide for such persons the right to seek asylum and not the right to be granted asylum?

- a. **Because states have a sovereign prerogative to exercise at its discretion**
- b. Because the person for whom asylum is established has no legal right to demand it, and the sheltering state has no obligation to grant it

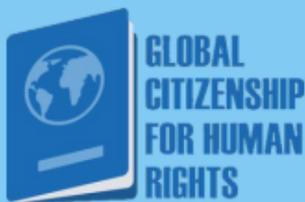


# QUESTION-26

Is international cooperation an obligation under the human rights law?

**a. Yes, international cooperation for development and the realization of human rights is an obligation of all states**

b. No, because the human rights paradigm concerns obligations of states with respect to individuals and groups within their own jurisdictions, therefore it is the government's decision to decide freely



# QUESTION-27

Which country tops as the worst country for human rights and rule of law in 2021?

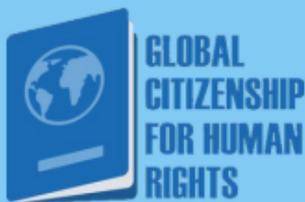
- a. Egypt
- b. Yemen



# QUESTION-28

What year is known as the "Year of Africa," where 17 states gained the right of self-determination?

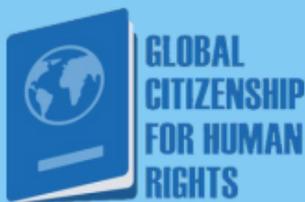
- a. 1960
- b. 1964



# QUESTION-29

Which is considered to be the first human rights charter in history?

- a. The Edicts of Ashoka
- b. The Cyrus cylinder**



# QUESTION-30

Why did UNESCO choose the 23rd of August for the International Day for the Remembrance of the Slave Trade and Its Abolition?

- a. **It is the date in which the Haitian Revolution started**
- b. It is the date in which the US abolished slavery



# QUESTION-31

What do the Geneva conventions deal with?

- a. The protection of the rights of the children
- b. Humanitarian treatment in war**



# QUESTION-32

When did the World Health Organization remove homosexuality from the International Classification of Diseases?

- a. In the 1970s
- b. In the 1990s**



# QUESTION-33

Which country was boycotted from the Olympic Games due to its racial policies?

- a. South Africa
- b. Nazi Germany



# QUESTION-34

What is the difference between “genocide” and “ethnic cleansing”?

**a. Ethnic cleansing refers to actions taken to remove a population from a territory. This may be done by forcing migration, by killing the population or by any other means. Genocide, on the contrary, always includes the killing of the group**

**b. Ethnic cleansing only includes killings due to racial or ethnic tensions while genocide includes killings for any other reason like religion or sexual orientation**



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# QUESTION-35

Which president has recently proposed to legally establish abortion as a human right?

- a. Jacinda Ardern from New Zealand
- b. Emmanuel Macron from France**



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# QUESTION-36

Which are the only countries to be ever suspended from the UN Human Rights Council?

- a. **Russia and Libya**
- b. Saudi Arabia and Afghanistan



# QUESTION-37

Which is the last country to have signed the Escazú Agreement (Regional Agreement on Access to Information, Public Participation and Justice in Environmental Matters in Latin America and the Caribbean)?

- a. Brazil
- b. Chile**



# QUESTION-38

Which is the only country to have abandoned the Istanbul Convention (Council of Europe Convention on preventing and combating violence against women and domestic violence)

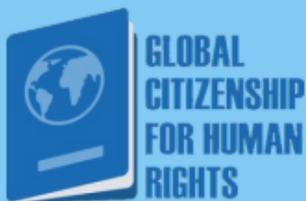
- a. Azerbaijan
- b. Turkey**



# QUESTION-39

When did the Human Rights Act 1998 come into force?

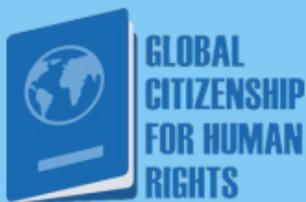
- a. 15th December 1998
- b. 2nd October 2000**



# QUESTION-40

Which of the following are qualified rights?

- a. **Right to respect for private and family life, freedom to manifest your religion or belief, freedom of expression, freedom of assembly.**
- b. Freedom from slavery and forced labour, freedom from torture and inhuman or degrading treatment, right to a fair trial



# QUESTION-41

What is the most wide-spread violation of human rights today?

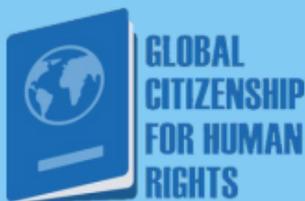
- a. **violence against women and girls**
- b. discrimination against Indigenous people



# QUESTION-42

What is the key international statement of human rights today?

- a. **The United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights of 1948**
- b. International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination



# QUESTION-43

Are human rights related to the Sustainable Development Goals?

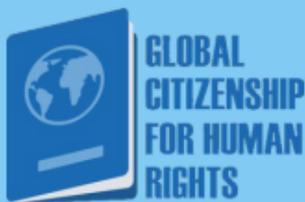
- a. Yes, but the relation is negligible
- b. Yes, the SDGs are directly linked with human rights standards.



# QUESTION-44

Is there any review about the human rights situation in all UN Member States?

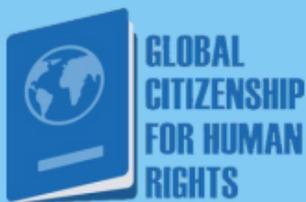
- a. Yes, there is a periodic review made to all UN Member States about their human rights situation.
- b. Yes, but only for specific human rights in certain UN Member States.**



# QUESTION-45

Where does the United Nations Commission on Human Rights meet run?

- a. Tokyo
- b. Geneva**



# QUESTION-46

How long does the United Nations Commission on Human Rights meet run for?

- a. 6 weeks
- b. 8 weeks

